

DHANAMANJURI UNIVERSITY

Examination, 2023 (Dec)

Four year course B.Sc. 1st Semester**Name of Programme : B.A/B.Sc. Mathematics (Honours)****Semester : I****Paper Type : Core-II (Theory)****Paper Code : CMA-102****Paper Title : Algebra****Full Marks : 80****Pass Marks : 32****Duration: 3 Hours***The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions**All the questions.***UNIT-I****Choose any three questions****1. Answer the following questions: 6+4=10**

a) Prove that

$$\sin \alpha + \sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha + 2\beta) + \dots + \sin\{\alpha + (n-1)\beta = \frac{\sin \frac{n\beta}{2}}{\sin \frac{\beta}{2}} \sin(\alpha + \frac{n-1}{2}\beta)$$

b) Prove that

$$(a + ib)^{\frac{m}{n}} + (a - ib)^{\frac{m}{n}} = 2(a^2 + b^2)^{\frac{m}{2n}} \cos(\frac{m}{n} \tan^{-1} \frac{b}{a})$$

2. Answer the following questions: 7+3=10

a) State and prove Gregory's series.

b) Prove that $\text{Log } (-1) = (2n+1)i\pi$.**3. Answer the following questions: 7+3=10**

a) Prove that

$$\cos \alpha = 1 - \frac{\alpha^2}{2!} + \frac{\alpha^4}{4!} - \frac{\alpha^6}{6!} + \dots + (-1)^r \frac{\alpha^{2r}}{2r!} + \dots \text{infinity}$$

b) Prove that $\tan \left\{ i \log \frac{a-ib}{a+ib} \right\} = \frac{2ab}{a^2-b^2}$

4. Answer the following questions: 5+5=10

a) Find the sum of the series

$$\cos \theta - \frac{1}{2} \cos 2\theta + \frac{1}{3} \cos 3\theta - \dots \text{infinity} \quad (-\pi < \theta < \pi)$$

b) Using De Moivre's Theorem, solve $x^7 + x^4 + x^3 + 1 = 0$

5. Answer the following questions: 6+4=10

a) Prove that if $(a_1 + ib_1)(a_2 + ib_2) \dots (a_n + ib_n) = A + iB$ then.

i) $\tan^{-1} \frac{b_1}{a_1} + \tan^{-1} \frac{b_2}{a_2} + \dots + \tan^{-1} \frac{b_n}{a_n} = \tan^{-1} \frac{B}{A}$

ii) $(a_1^2 + b_1^2)(a_2^2 + b_2^2) \dots (a_n^2 + b_n^2) = A^2 + B^2$

b) Find the value of the series $1 - \frac{1}{3.3} + \frac{1}{5.3^2} - \frac{1}{7.3^3} + \dots \text{infinity}$

UNIT-II

Choose any three questions

6. Answer the following questions: 7+3=10

a) Prove that if a and b are positive and unequal then

$$\frac{a^m+b^m}{2} > \left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right)^m \text{ except when } m \text{ lies between 0 and 1.}$$

b) Show that the equation $x^4 - 2x^3 - 1 = 0$ has at least two imaginary roots.

7. Answer the following question: 6+4=10

a) State and prove Holder's Inequality.

b) Solve $2x^3 + x^2 - 7x - 6 = 0$ given that the difference of two of the roots is 3.

8. Answer the following question: 5+5=10

a) If a,b,c are unequal, prove that $\frac{2}{a+b} + \frac{2}{b+c} + \frac{2}{c+a} > \frac{9}{a+b+c}$

b) Transform the equation into an equation lacking the second term $x^3 - 6x^2 + 4x - 7 = 0$.

9. Answer the following question:

a) Solve the cubic equation $x^3 - 15x - 126 = 0$ by using Cardan's method.

b) If α, β, γ be the roots of the equation $x^3 + px^2 + qx + r = 0$, find the value of $(\beta + \gamma)(\gamma + \alpha)(\alpha + \beta)$.

10. Answer the following questions:

a) Solve the biquadratic equation $x^4 + 6x^2 + 8x + 21 = 0$ by using Ferrari's method.

b) If a, b, c are unequal and positive, prove that

$$\frac{bc}{b+c} + \frac{ca}{c+a} + \frac{ab}{a+b} < \frac{a+b+c}{2}.$$

UNIT-III**Choose any two questions****11. Answer the following questions:**

a) Find the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and also find the Eigen vectors corresponding to the smallest eigenvalue.

b) Find the rank of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

12. Answer the following questions:

a) Verify Cayley- Hamilton theorem for the square matrix A where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and hence find A^{-1}

b) Prove that the characteristic roots of a Hermitian matrix are real.

13. Answer the following questions:

a) State and prove Cayley-Hamilton Theorem.

b) Determine the rank of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 7 & 5 \\ 2 & 5 & 11 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
